

Starting an eResearch revolution with Deep Learning

Brent Martin and Aleksandra Pawlik

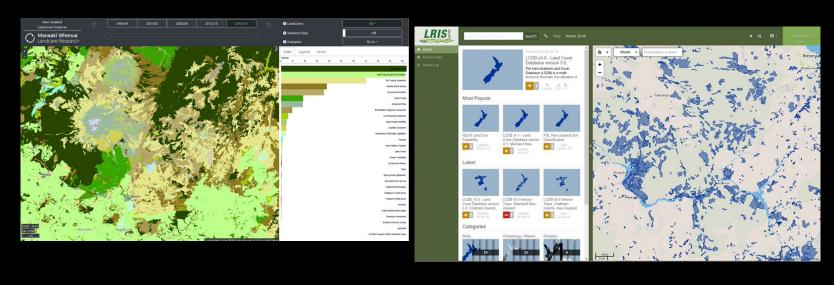
Manaaki Whenua Landcare Research

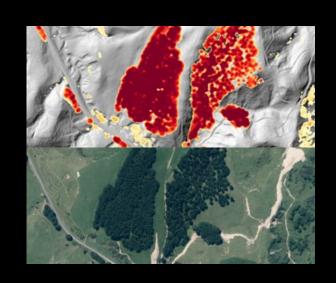
eResearch New Zealand 2021

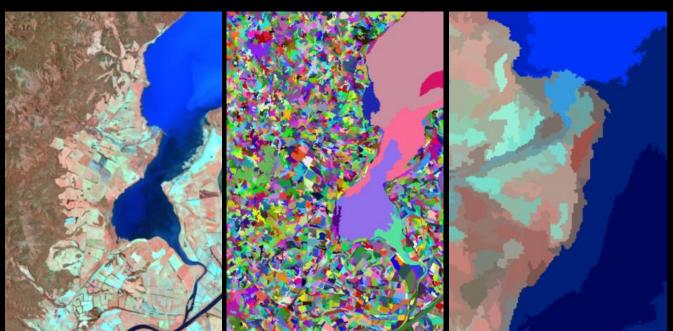
10-12 February 2021, Wellington

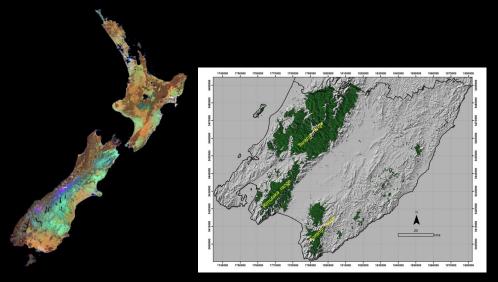
Data deluge at Manaaki Whenua





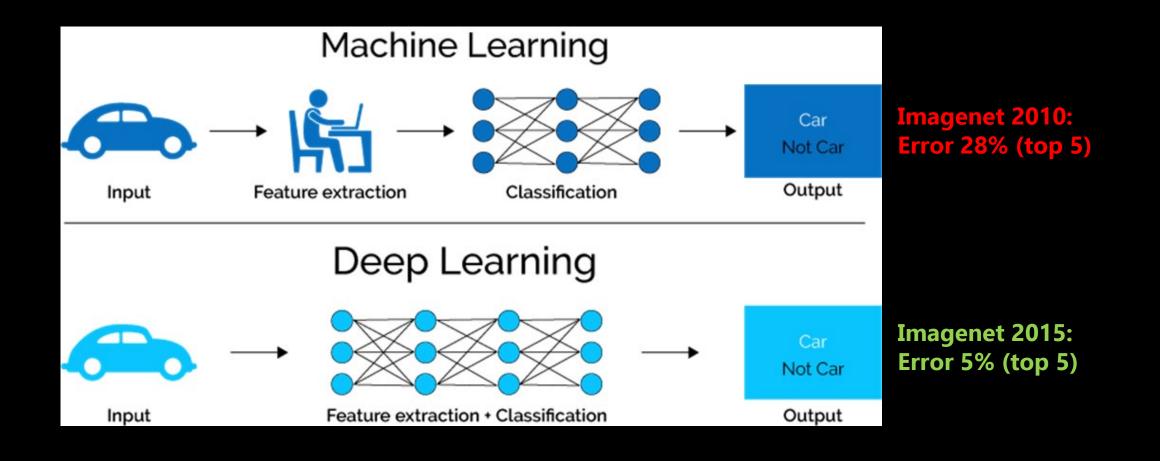








Computer vision evolution – Deep Learning

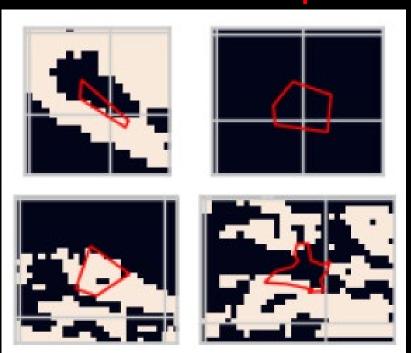




Machine learning at Manaaki Whenua

Object mapping (ephemeral wetlands)

Pixel classification: poor



Object classification: better



DL object detection: best?





Increasing research impact at Manaaki Whenua

- Automate existing processes
- Extrapolate local ground survey data
- Detect change
- Discover new relationships and previously invisible patterns





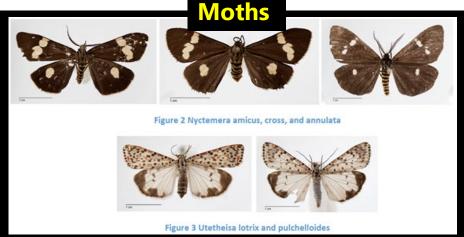


Beginnings – image recognition





Figure 1 Moth main species: Cebysa, Hyphantria, Lymantria, Myctemera, Orgyia, Teia, Tyria, Utetheisa







Biosecure-ID (MBIE Smart Idea)

ACTUAL/PREDICTED	C-L	H-C	L-D	N-Am	N-X	N-An	O-T	T-A	T-J	U-L	U-P	RECALL
Cebysa leucotelus	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Hyphantria cunea	0	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Lymantria dispar	0	0	16	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0.8
Nyctemera amicus	0	0	0	105	19	6	0	0	0	0	0	0.808
Nyctemera amicus x annulata	0	0	0	19	493	28	0	0	0	0	0	0.913
Nyctemera annulata	0	0	0	4	8	398	0	0	0	0	0	0.971
Orgyia thyellina	0	0	0	0	0	2	78	0	0	0	0	0.975
Teia anartoides	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	198	0	0	0	0.99
Tyria jacobaeae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	279	0	0	0.996
Utetheisa lotrix	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	23	0.671
Utetheisa pulchelloides	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	239	0.885
PRECISION	1	1	1	0.82	0.95	0.91	1	1	1	0.6	0.9	

correct: 2043 (93.29%) incorrect: 147 Main species: 2181/9 (99.6%)

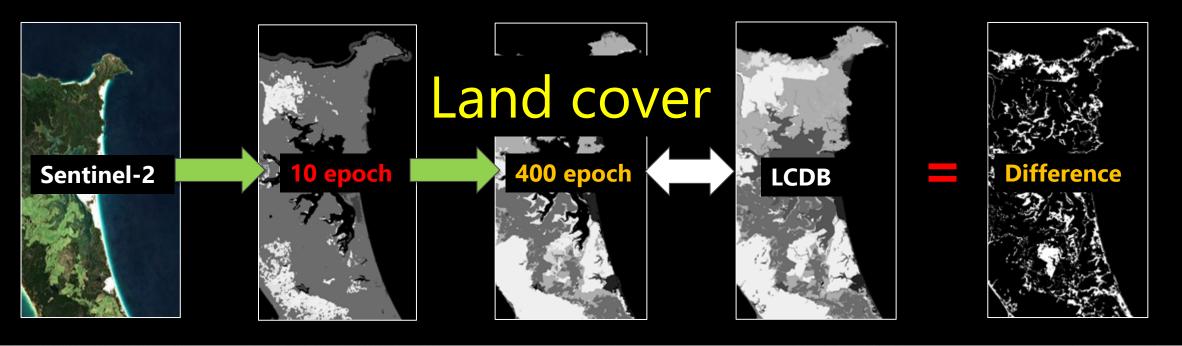
Moths confusion matrix

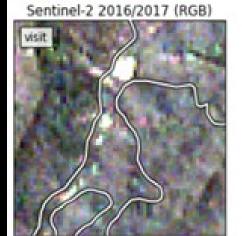
Species: 99.6%

Subspecies or cross: 93.3%

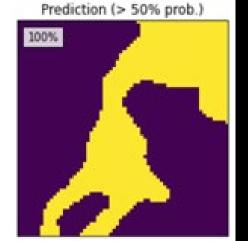
Exploring – remote sensing





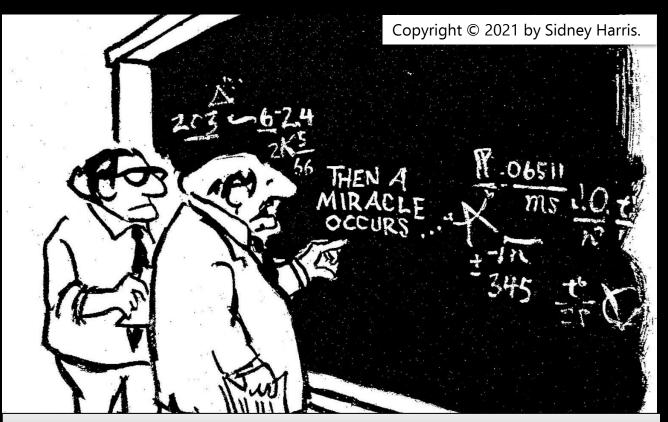






Key challenges

- Lack of awareness/trust
- "Black box" methodology
- Quality & quantity of training data
- Access to compute resources
- Gaps in skills set



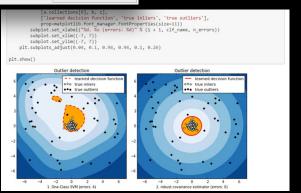
I think you should be more explicit here in step two.

Solutions – people

- Dissemination
- Training
- Resources
- Infrastructure











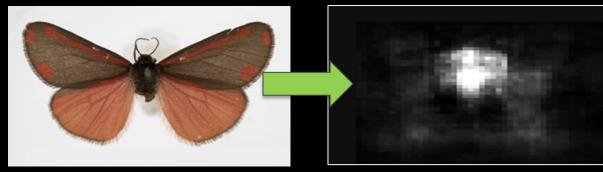




Solutions – black box: visualisation

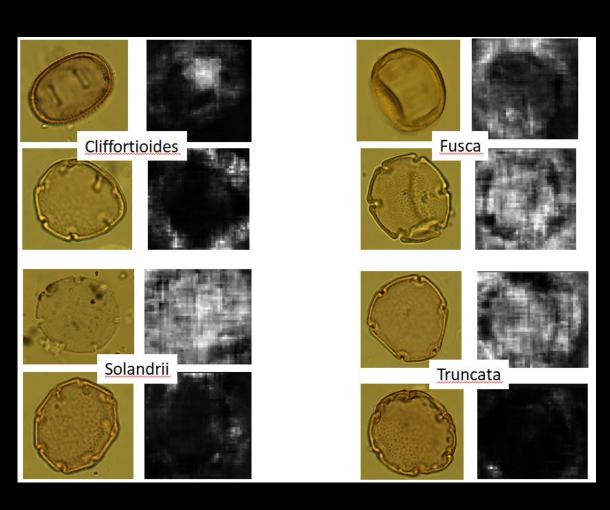






Explaining failure

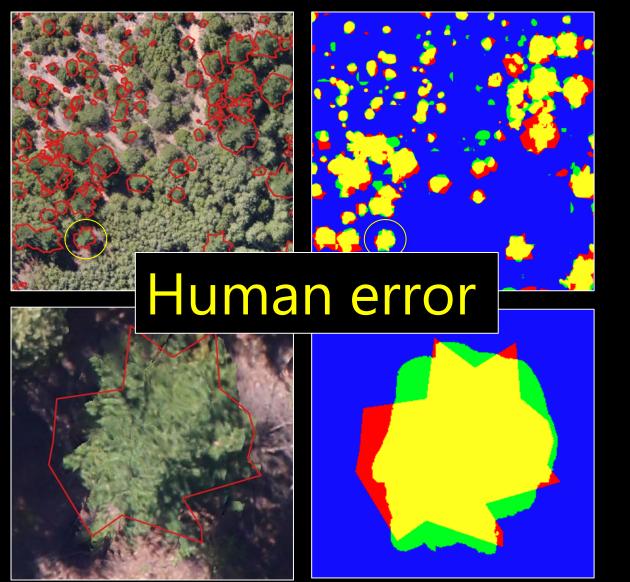


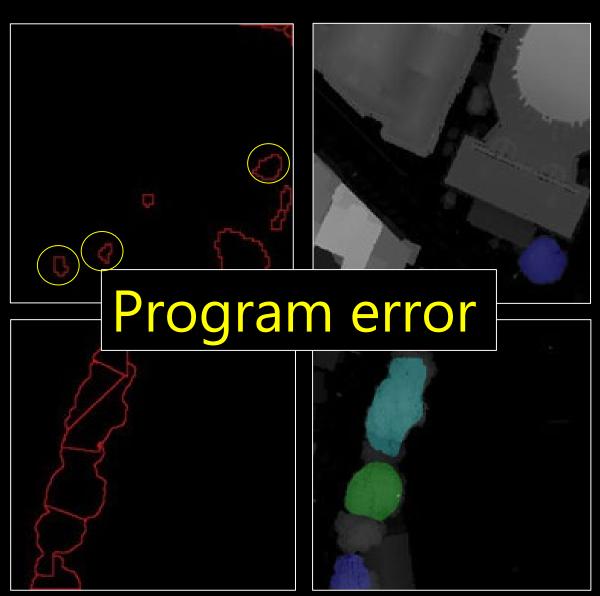


Explaining success!

Data quality tolerance: bootstrapping

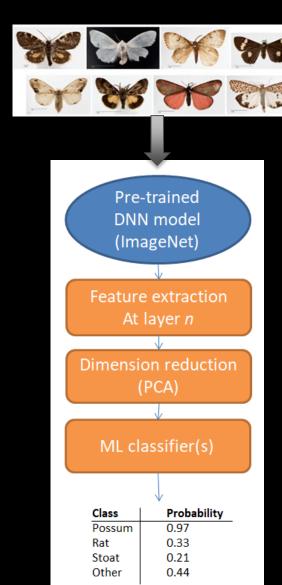








Data quantity tolerance: feature extraction



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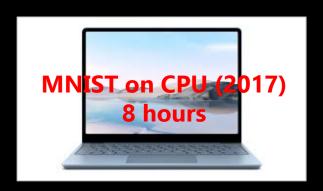
Main species: 2181/9 (99.6%)

- ✓ Seconds to train on a laptop
- **✓** Better than transfer learning for tiny datasets







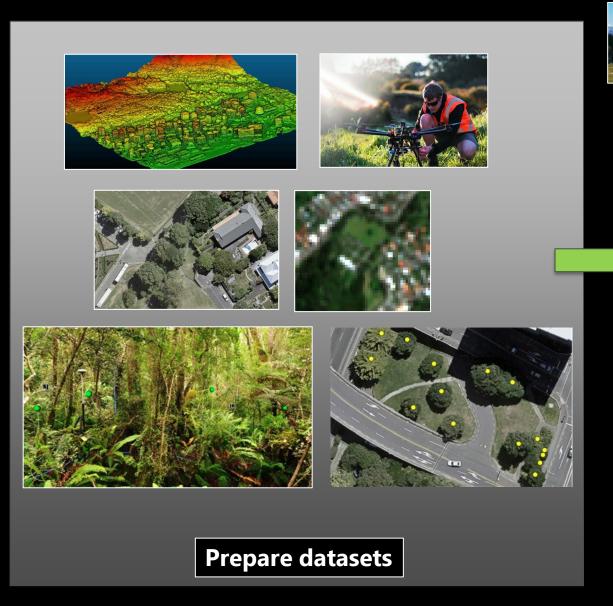




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MNIST on C (2017)
6 minutes
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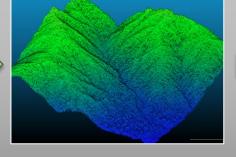
Putting it to work: remote tree identification

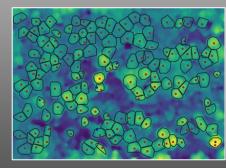




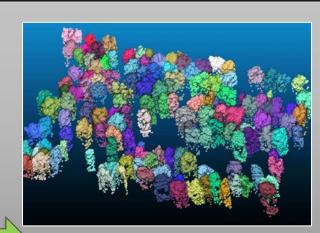


NZ/Singapore collaboration





Extract training data





Train models

Looking forward

- Integration into our science
 - Special Interest Group
- "What we can offer" publication
- Funding
- Building up a platform / ecosystem
- External collaborations



Thank you